

Provisions of our drought contingency plan are implemented when certain conditions arise that threaten the available water supply. These conditions include major water line breaks, pump or system failures, unprecedented loss of capacity to provide water service, or natural or man-made contamination of the water supply system. Drought contingency provisions are also implemented when daily water consumption begins to consistently exceed the 3-day average consumption threshold or water demand. These conditions normally occur during periods of drought or prolonged dry spells.

Daily water consumption in our system is subject to a trigger in our plan. When certain triggers are met, three various stages of water conservation are initiated pursuant to our drought contingency plan. The Mayor of Peabody or the City Manager are required to monitor our water supply and/or demand conditions on a daily basis and shall determine when conditions trigger initiation or continuation of each stage of water conservation on both water supplies.

We have recently have created a Community Development Block Grant which will enable us to replace our failing meter water meter which will enable us to more adequately monitor our daily water consumption.

TRIGGERING CONDITIONS FOR THE PLAN

Stage 1 Trigger:

When total daily water demand equals or exceeds 100,000 gallons for 3 consecutive days or 100,000 on a single day.

Stage 2 Trigger:

When total daily water demand equals or exceeds 100,000 for 3 consecutive days or 100,000 on a single day.

Stage 3 Trigger:

(1) When the City's water line breaks or there is a major system failure or the